

Terra CRS Surface Flux Accuracy in Edition 2

CERES/ARM Cloud Science Team Meeting
Williamsburg, Virginia 2 November 2004

Surface and Atmosphere Radiation Budget (SARB) group:

T. P. Charlock (NASA LaRC) - shows various stuff after Rutan

Fred G. Rose (AS&M) - presents later today

David A. Rutan (AS&M) - **presents topic at hand with nicer slides**

Zhonghai Jin (AS&M) - coupled radiative transfer

Lisa H. Coleman, Thomas E. Caldwell, Scott Zentz (SAIC)

- Data Management Team

Seiji Kato (H.U.) - cloud optical depth distribution

David Fillmore and Bill Collins (NCAR) - MATCH

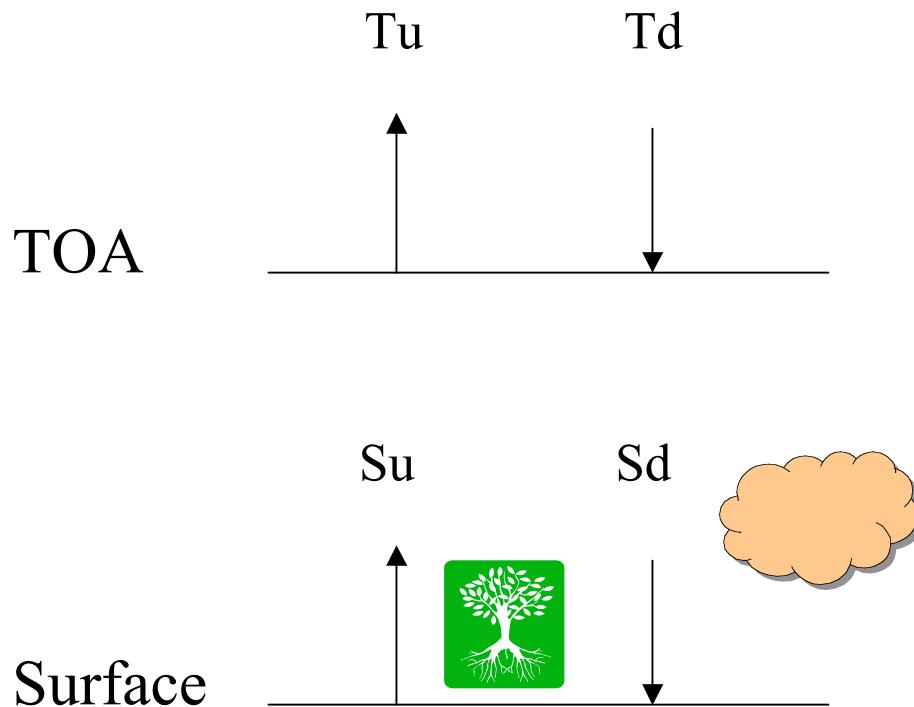
Wenying Su (H.U.)- surface UV in gridded “SYN” product

SARB & SOFA WGs -- informal presentations & discussion tomorrow

Access to CAVE on line surface and CERES validation,
point and click Fu-Liou and COART calculations:

www-cave.larc.nasa.gov/cave/ or goggle “CERES CAVE”

Ghost in Halloween closet: Anomalous absorption?

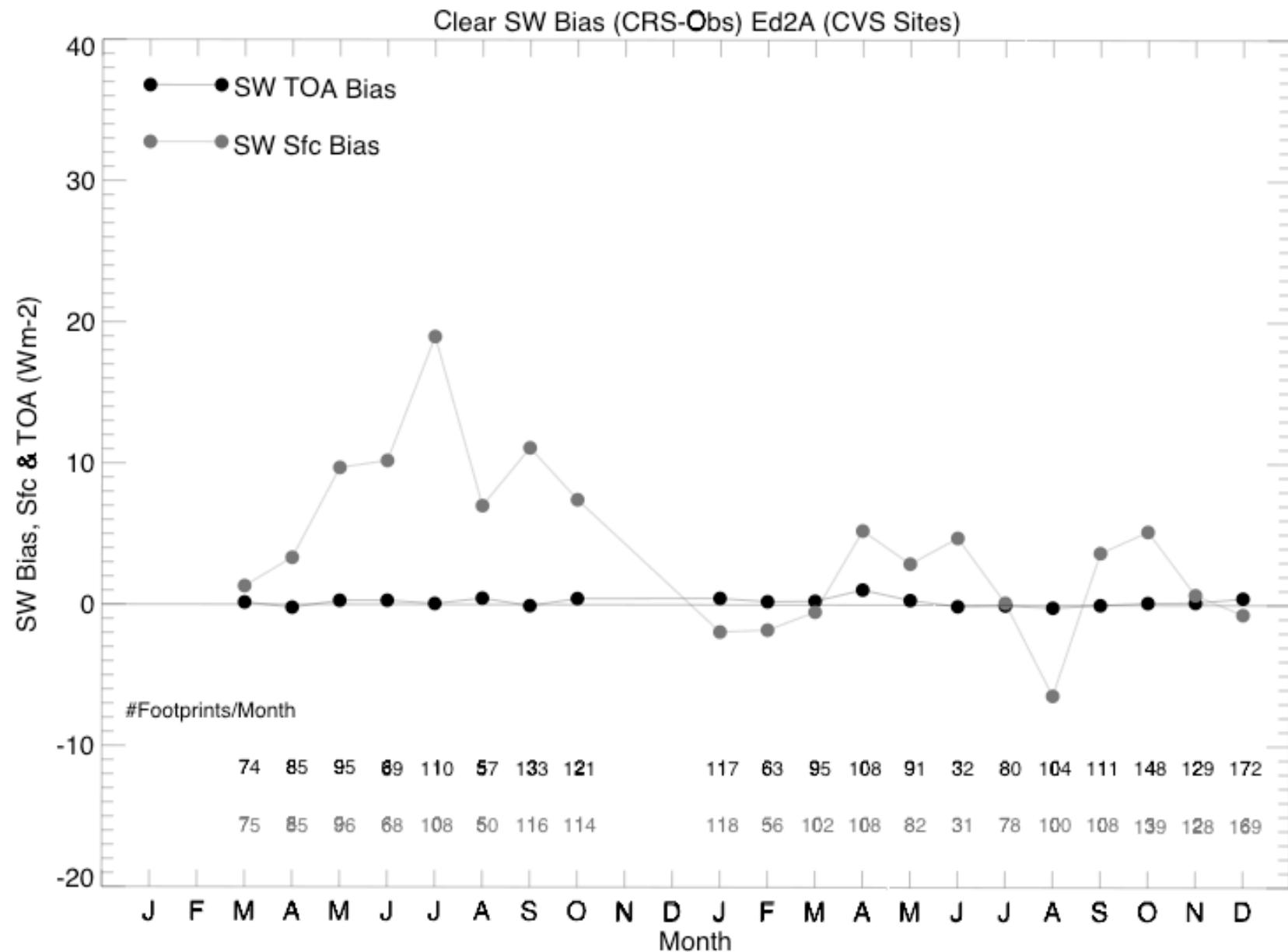


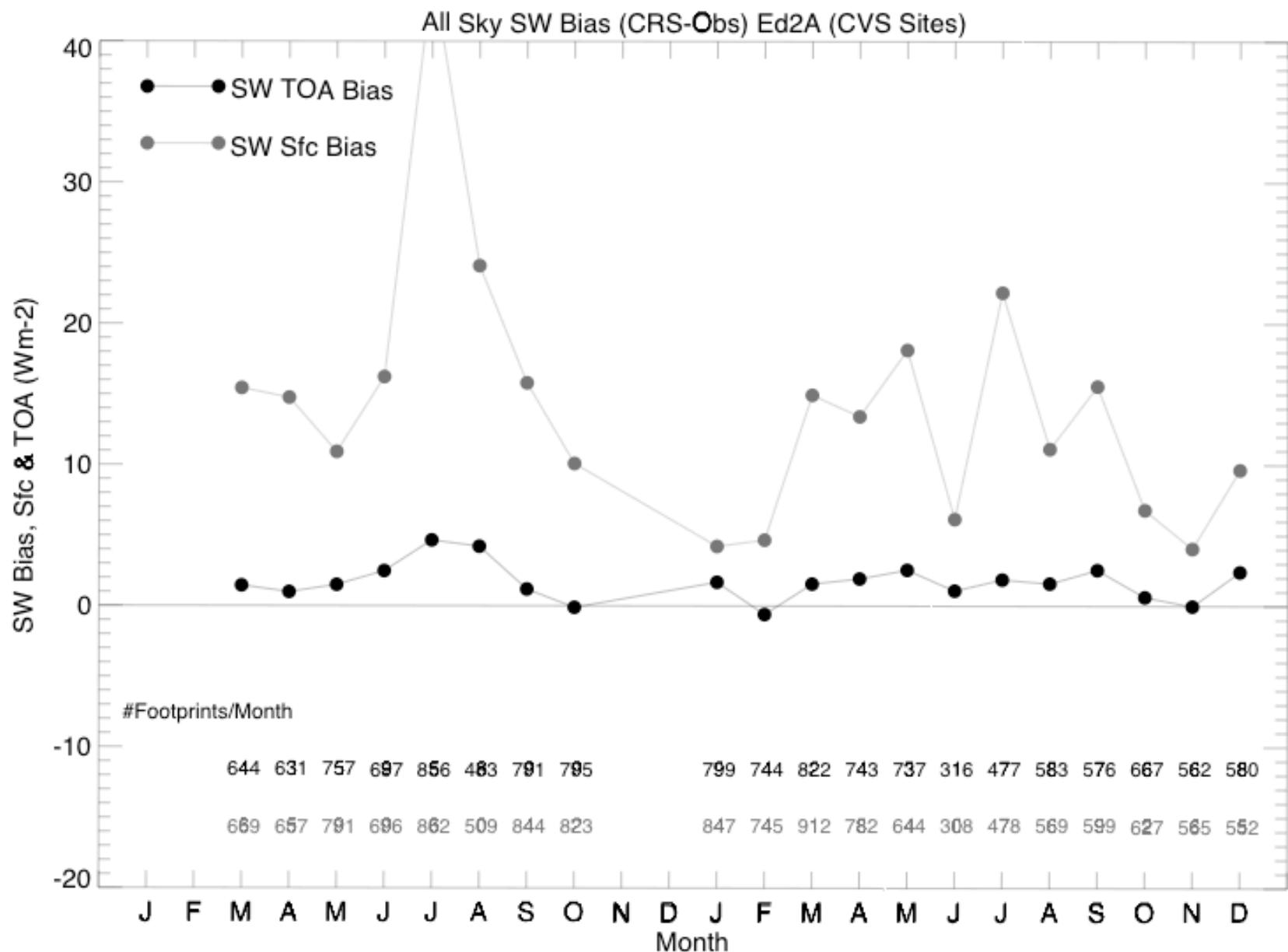
$$\text{Divergence of SW} = T_u - T_d - S_u + S_d$$

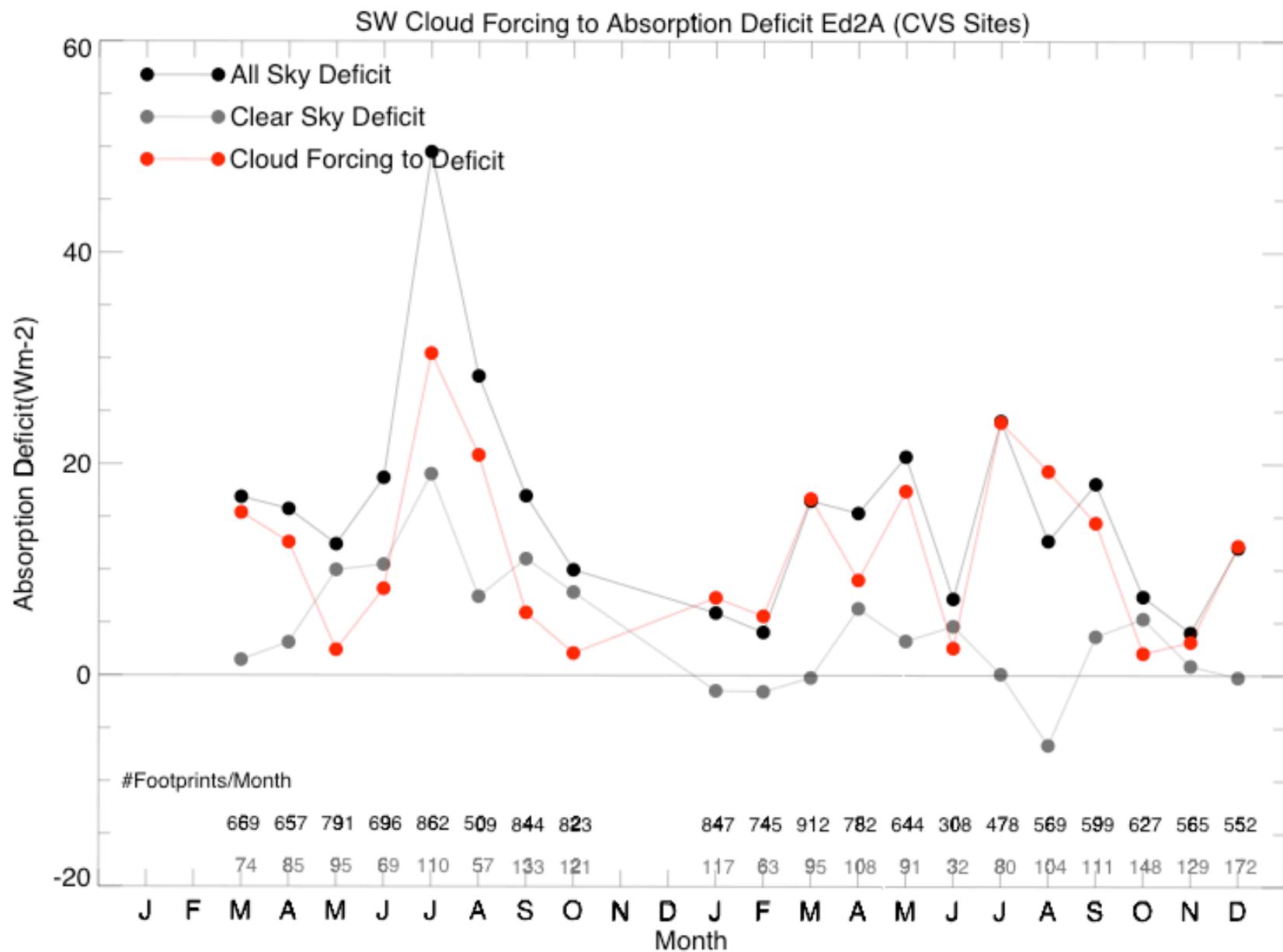
$$\text{Poor person's divergence} = T_u - S_d$$

$$\text{Bias of poor person's divergence} =$$

$$T_u - S_d \text{ (Untuned - Observed)}$$







Terra CRS Edition 2A weighted to approximate area means for 24 hours (25 March 2000)

SW Aerosol Forcing (Wm-2)

Ed2A SW	Globe	Globe	Ocean	Ocean
		as if clear		as if clear
TOA Net	-1.1	-2.6	-2.2	-3.6
Atmosphere Net	6.6	6.9	3.2	3.3
Surface Net	-7.7	-9.4	-5.4	-6.9

LW Aerosol Forcing (Wm-2)

Ed2A LW	Globe	Globe	Ocean	Ocean
		as if clear		as if clear
TOA Net	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.5
Atmosphere Net	-1.3	-1.9	-0.7	-1.4
Surface Net	1.8	2.7	1.0	1.8

SW+LW Aerosol Forcing (Wm-2)

Ed2A SW+LW	Globe	Globe	Ocean	Ocean
		as if clear		as if clear
TOA Net	-0.5	-1.8	-1.9	-3.1
Atmosphere Net	5.3	5.0	2.5	1.9
Surface Net	-5.9	-6.7	-4.4	-5.1

First column above shows aerosols force global TOA cooling (-0.5), atmospheric warming (5.3), and surface cooling (-5.9).

Revised SW Aerosol Forcing (Wm-2) weighted to approximate area means for 24 hr (25 March 2000)

- Three changes in revision:** (1) New optical properties for dust (Andrew Lacis, GISS)
(2) Aerosol vertical profile varies at each point daily
(3) Some changes to SSF input.

The revised version will be called “Edition2B”. Table below does not include (3).

(3) should not be significant for these aerosol forcings, which are computed:

Revised SW	Globe	Globe	Ocean	Ocean
		<i>as if clear</i>		<i>as if clear</i>
TOA Net	-2.5	-4.2	-2.5	-4.0
Atmosphere Net	4.2	4.3	2.4	2.5
Surface Net	-6.6	-8.4	-4.9	-6.5

The document “CER_CRS_TerraEdition2Ajjm” describes the unrevised Edition 2A:

Ed2A SW	Globe	Globe	Ocean	Ocean
		<i>as if clear</i>		<i>as if clear</i>
TOA Net	-1.1	-2.6	-2.2	-3.6
Atmosphere Net	6.6	6.9	3.2	3.3
Surface Net	-7.7	-9.4	-5.4	-6.9

**Averages of Raw Footprints
(Not area weighted)**

March 2000

Terra CRS Edition 2A and 2B

Differences (%) of SSF Observations (Obs):

$$x = 100 * [(Obs\ Ed2a) - (Obs\ Ed2b)] / [0.5 * (Obs\ Ed2a) + 0.5 * (Obs\ Ed2b)]$$

Bias (%) of Untuned SARB Calculations:

$$y = 100 * [(Untuned\ Ed2a) - (Obs\ Ed2a)] / (Obs\ Ed2a)$$

$$z = 100 * [(Untuned\ Ed2b) - (Obs\ Ed2b)] / (Obs\ Ed2b)$$

LW at TOA (%)

	Sea	Land	Day	Nite	Sea clear	Land clear
X = Ed2a-Ed2b	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	-0.3	-0.1
Y = Bias Ed2a	-0.4	0.0	0.0	-0.5	-0.3	-0.5
Z = Bias Ed2b	-0.4	0.2	0.1	-0.4	-0.3	-0.4

**Averages of Raw Footprints
(Not area weighted)**

March 2000

Terra CRS Edition 2A and 2B

Differences (%) of SSF Observations (Obs):

$$X = 100 * [(Obs\ Ed2a) - (Obs\ Ed2b)] / [0.5 * (Obs\ Ed2a) + 0.5 * (Obs\ Ed2b)]$$

Bias (%) of Untuned SARB Calculations:

$$Y = 100 * [(Untuned\ Ed2a) - (Obs\ Ed2a)] / (Obs\ Ed2a)$$

$$Z = 100 * [(Untuned\ Ed2b) - (Obs\ Ed2b)] / (Obs\ Ed2b)$$

SW at TOA (%)

	Sea	Land	Day	Nite	Sea clear	Land clear
X = Ed2a-Ed2b	0.4	0.6	0.5		0.5	-0.1
Y = Bias Ed2a	4.1	0.0	2.4		1.1	1.5
Z = Bias Ed2b	4.8	1.2	3.3		3.8	-0.3

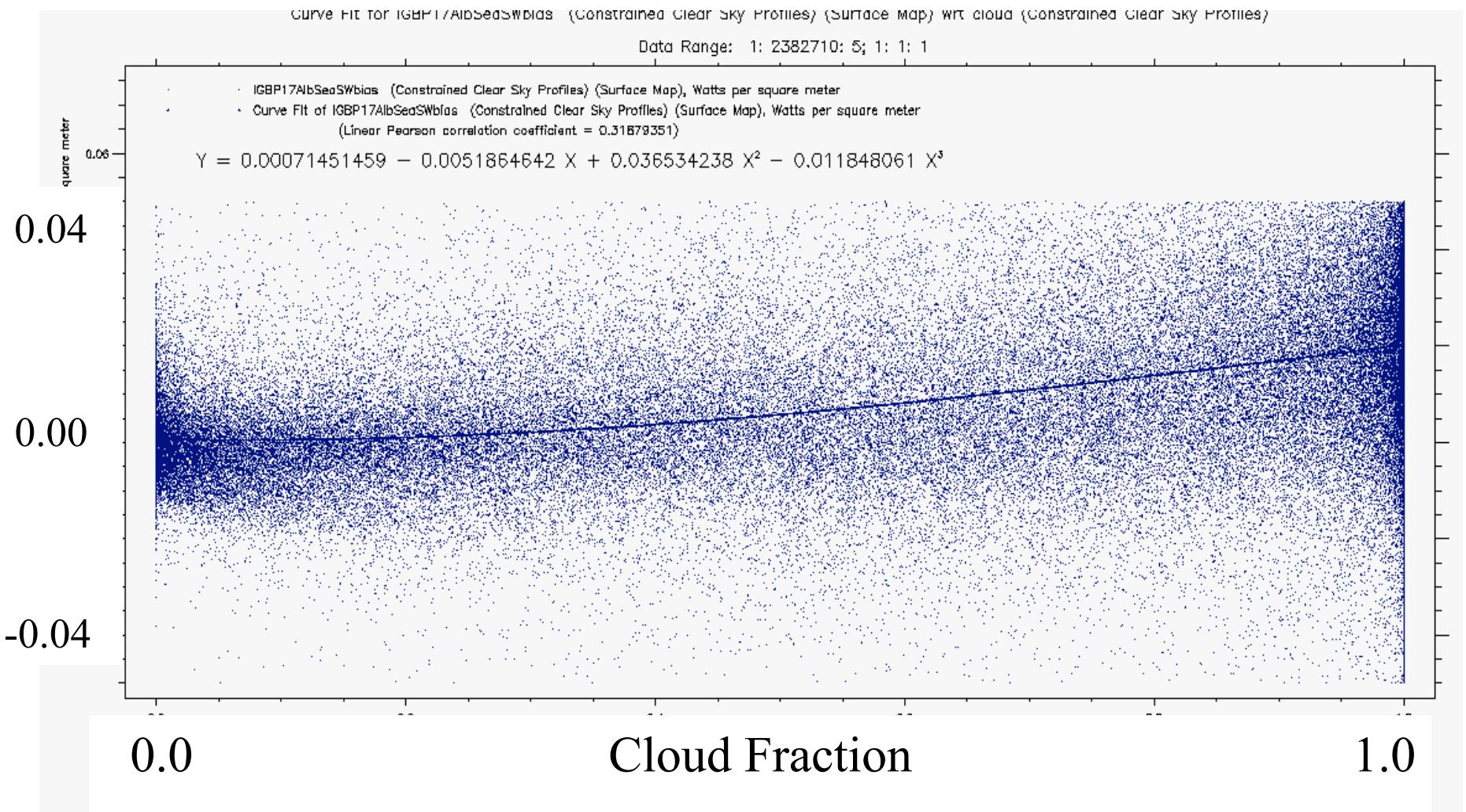
SARB calculation over clear ocean (ice free) uses no broadband CERES input

Illustration of a persistent problem: SARB TOA albedo is too high over cloudy ocean

[Untuned TOA albedo - Observed TOA albedo] vs [Cloud fraction]

for IGBP=17 (ocean)

1 Oct 2001 CRS Ed2a

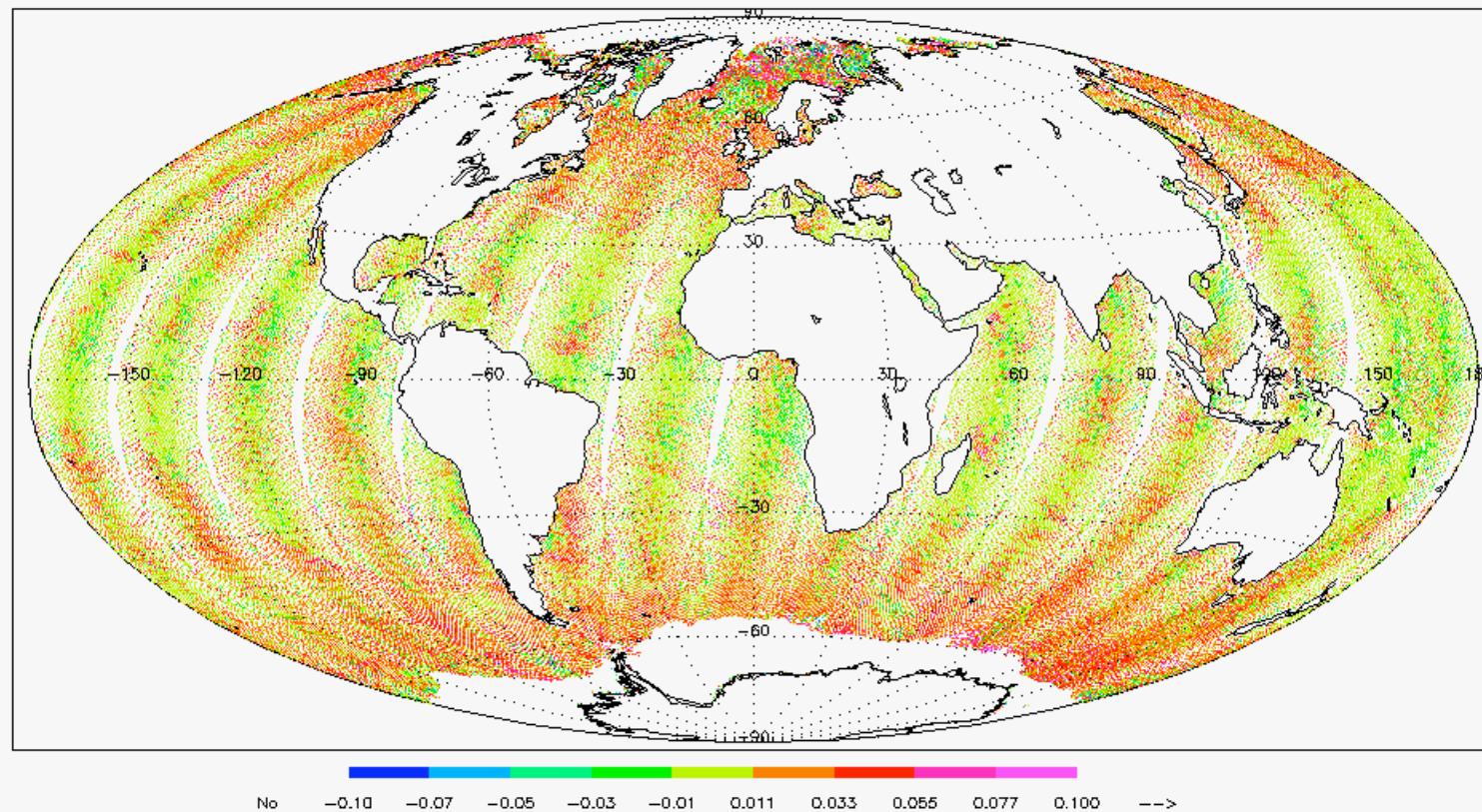


(Untuned Albedo - Observed) at TOA

1 Oct 2001

IGBP type 17 (ocean)

IGBP1/AlbSeasWbias (Constrained Clear Sky Profiles) (Surface Map) Data Range: -0.10 to 0.10
/Applications/CharlockViewHdf/view_hdf_3.3.9/CER_CRS_Terra-FM2-MODIS_VaiR2_016020.2001100100 Fri May 28 10:44:37 2004

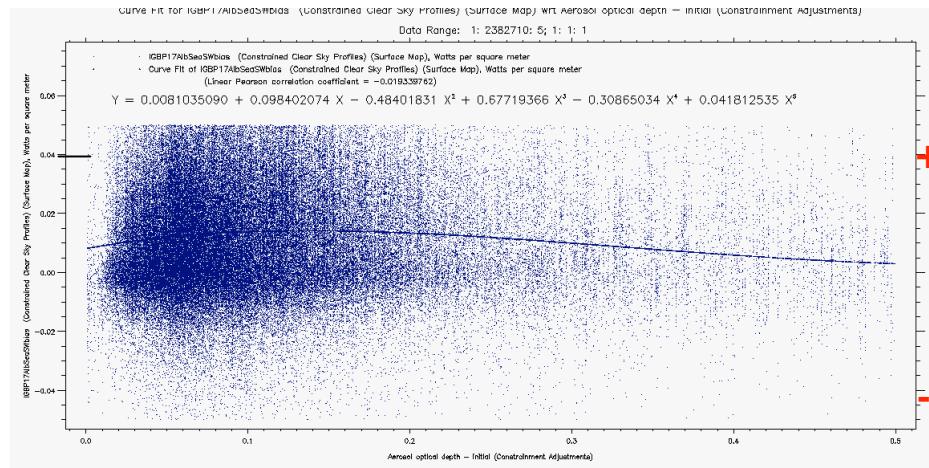


-0.10

TOA albedo bias

0.10

All sky TOA Albedo Bias vs. AOT (0.0 to 0.5)



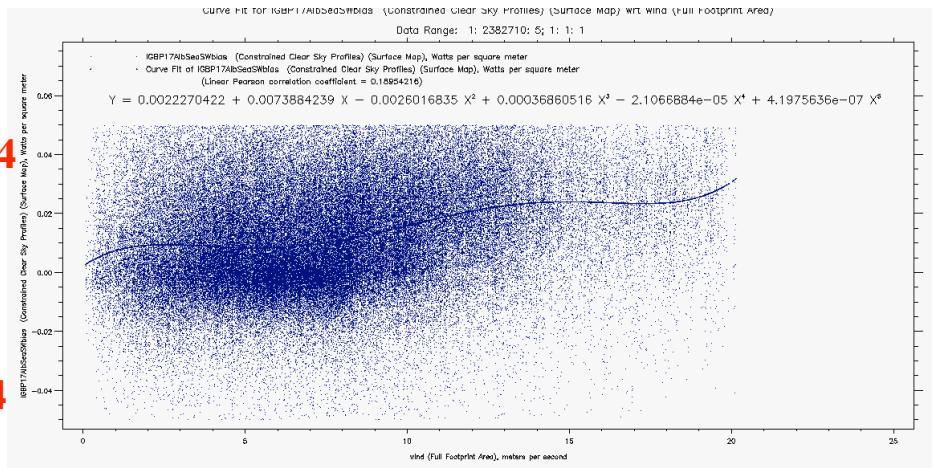
0.0

AOT

0.5

+0.04
-0.04

All sky TOA Albedo Bias vs. Wind Speed (0 to 25 m/s)



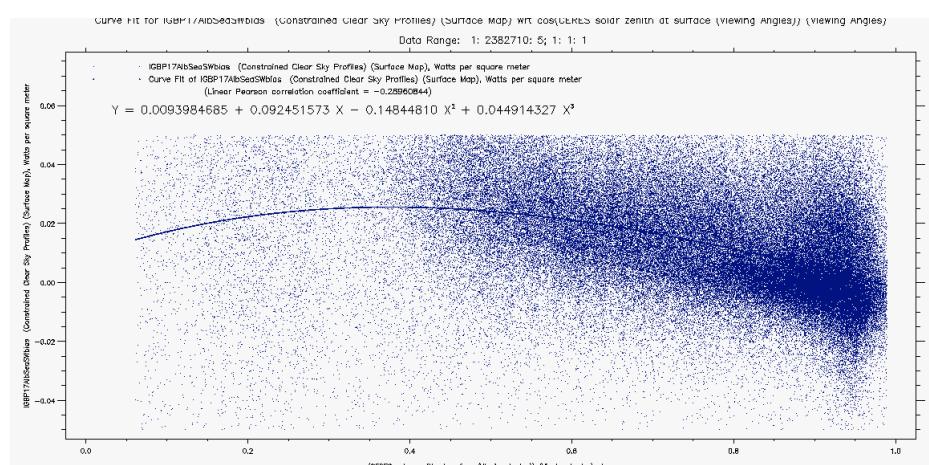
0

Wind (m/s)

25

All plots on page use same vertical scale: +0.04 to -0.04

All sky TOA Albedo Bias vs. cosSZA

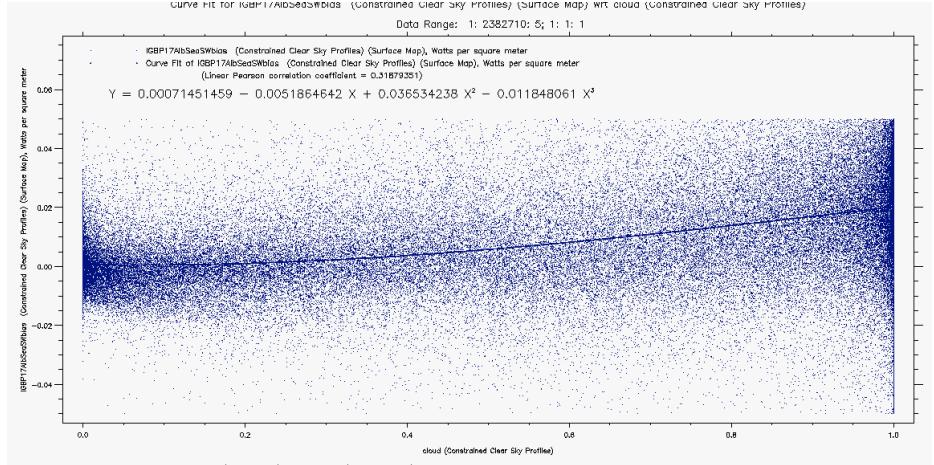


0.0

cosSZA

1.0

All sky TOA Ocean albedo Bias vs. Cloud Fraction

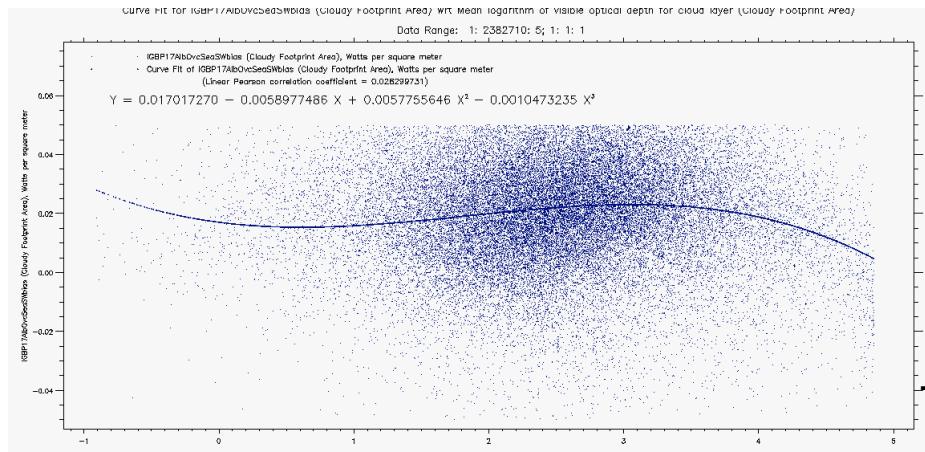


0.0

Cloud Fraction

1.0

Overcast TOA Albedo Bias vs. ln(tau)

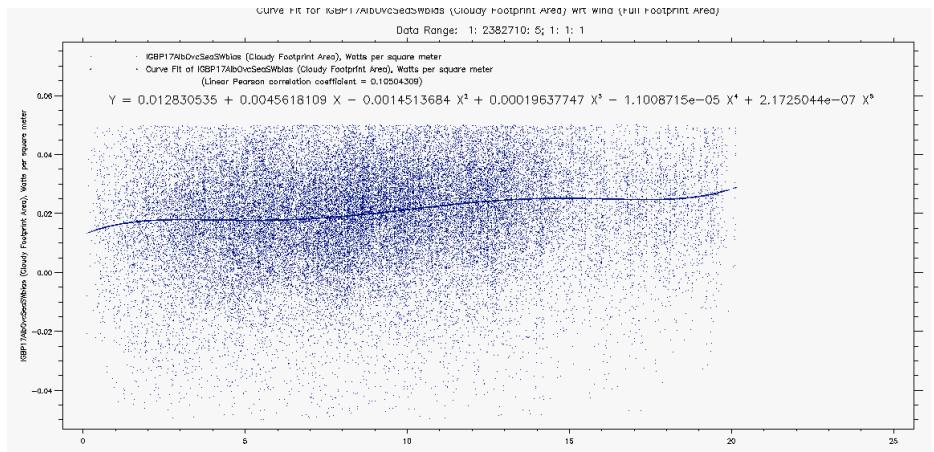


0.0

ln(cloud tau)

0.5

Overcast TOA Albedo Bias vs. Wind Speed (0 to 25mm/s)



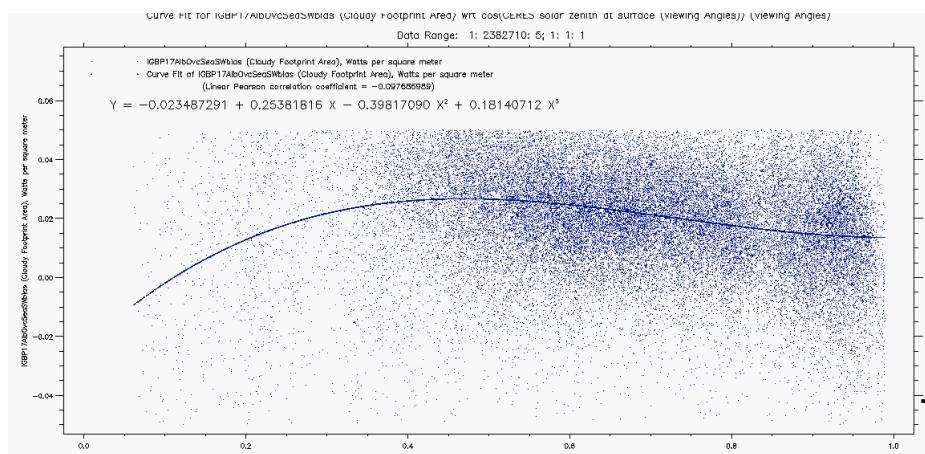
0

Wind (m/s)

25

All plots on page use same vertical scale: +0.04 to -0.04

Overcast TOA Albedo Bias vs. cosSZA

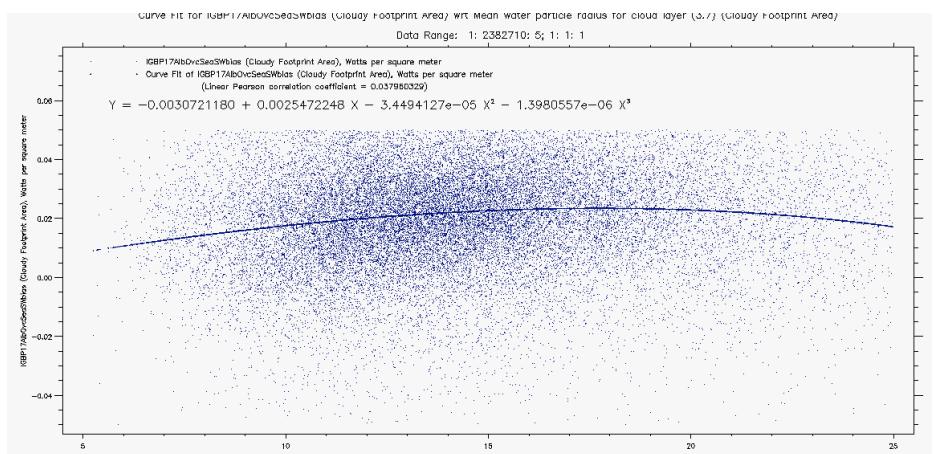


0.0

cosSZA

1.0

Overcast TOA Albedo vs. Water Cloud Radius



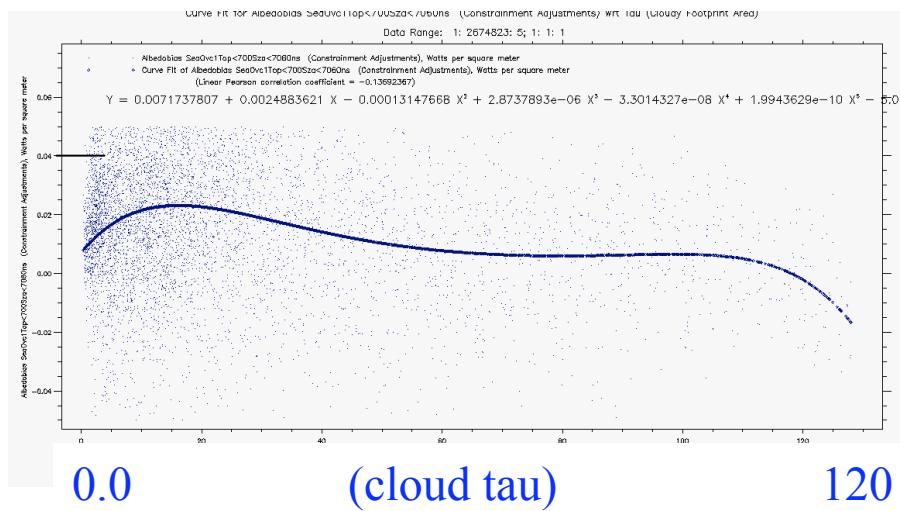
5

Droplet radius (micron)

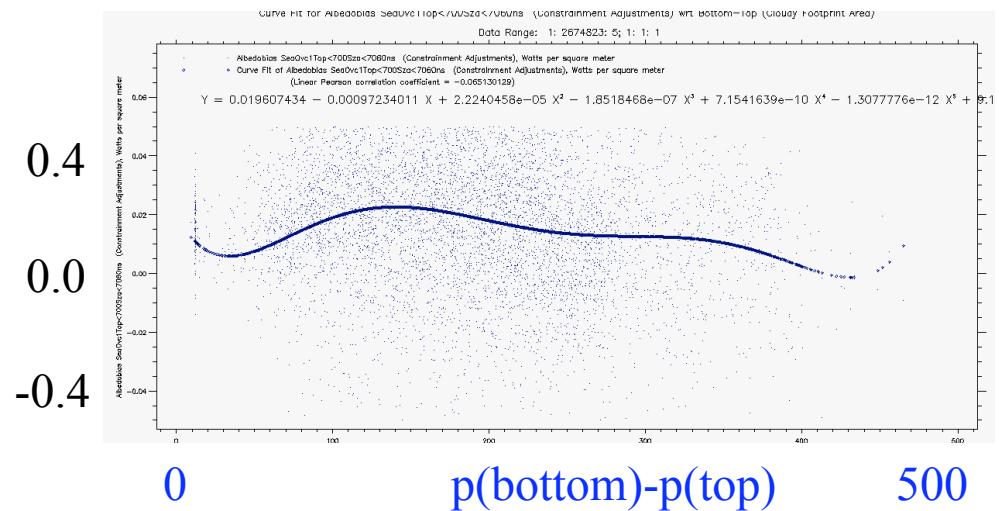
25

Cloud Top Pressure < 700 mb

Albedo bias (numbers -0.04 to + 0.04)
VS Optical Depth (numbers 0 to 120)

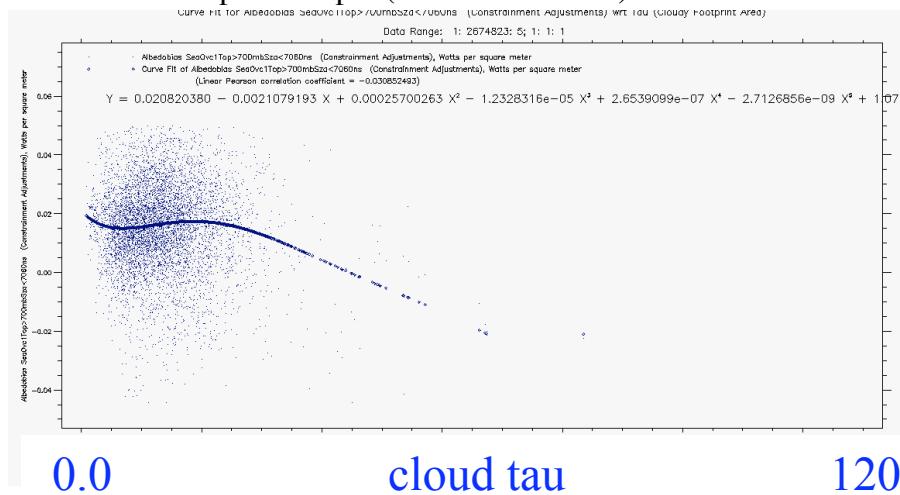


Albedo bias (numbers -0.04 to + 0.04)
VS Bottom-Top in mb (numbers 0 to 500 mb)

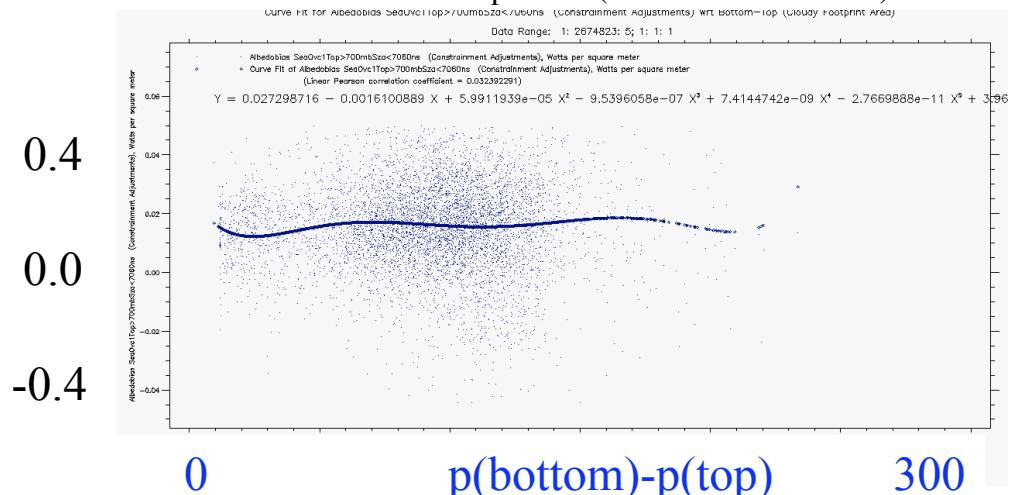


Cloud Top Pressure > 700 mb

Albedo bias (numbers -0.04 to + 0.04)
VS Optical Depth (numbers 0 to 120)

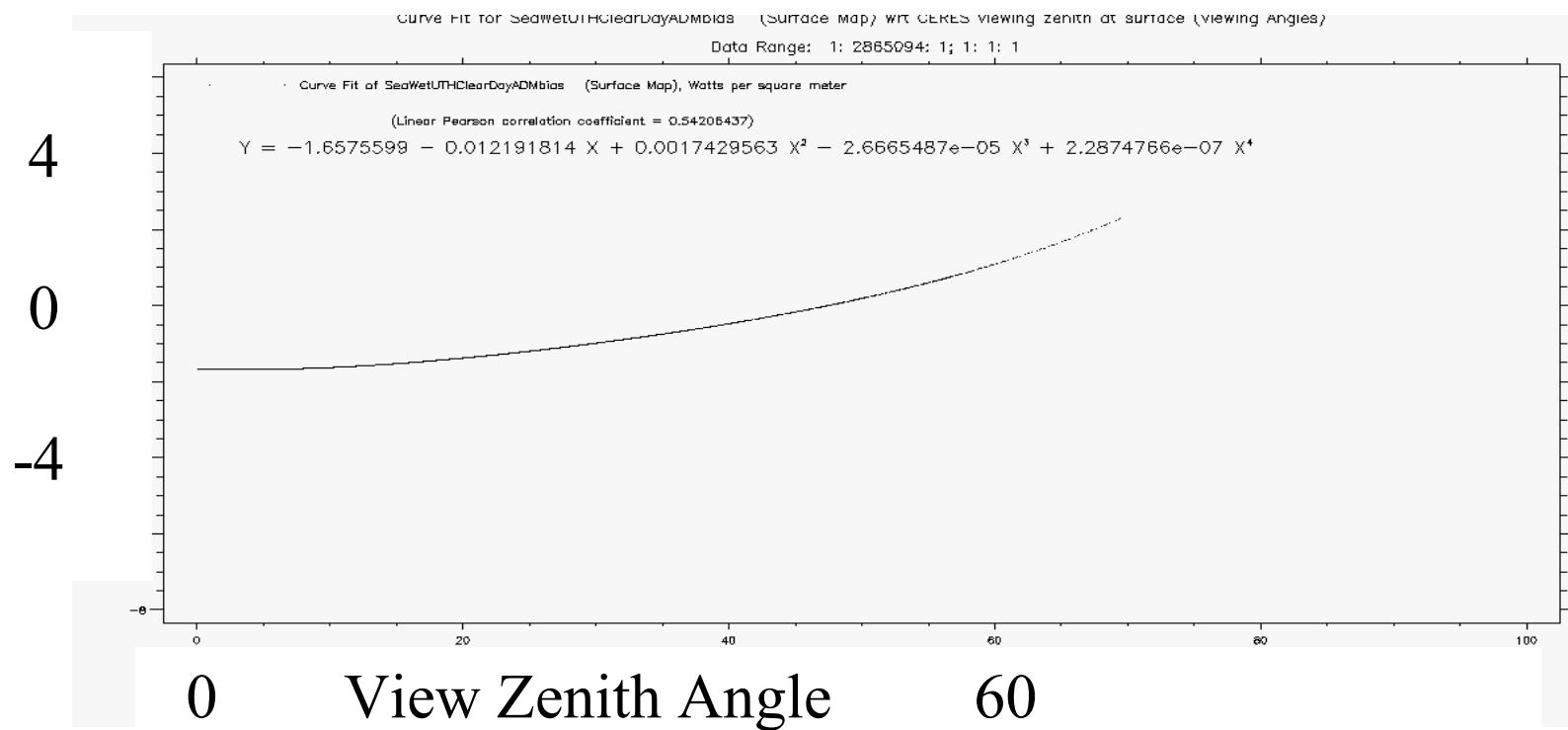


Albedo bias (numbers -0.04 to + 0.04)
VS Bottom-Top in mb (numbers 0 to 300 mb)



(OLR error as corrected for bias in computed LW radiance) vs VZA

Clear Day Ocean UTH>50-100% (there were a few >100%)



Does this suggest undetected cirrus?